

Self-Assessment Questionnaire on CSR/ Sustainability for Automotive Sector Suppliers

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)/Sustainability is a process for companies to integrate social, governance, environmental and supply chain sustainability into operations and corporate strategy.

Drive Sustainability has a set of common guidelines - the <u>Guiding Principles</u> - outlining expectations for suppliers on key CSR/Sustainability issues including human rights, environment, working conditions and business ethics.

In line with the <u>Guiding Principles</u>, this Self-Assessment Questionnaire (SAQ) is designed to indicate and verify supplier performance on CSR/Sustainability.

It was developed in 2014 and revised in 2017* by the members of Drive Sustainability - <u>The Automotive</u> <u>Partnership</u>. It is currently being put into use by ten of the members** and is intended to avoid duplication and improve efficiency.

The questionnaire relates to both Company and Site level:

- > Company refers to the "Group/Holding the supplier is part of, and
- > Site refers to "the industrial location where production takes place".

Suppliers filling out this questionnaire can click on the question mark next to each questions for clarifications.

- * 2017 Working Group members: BMW Group, Daimler AG, Ford, Honda, Jaguar Land Rover, Scania CV AB, Toyota Motor Europe, Volkswagen Group, Volvo Cars and Volvo Group
- ** OEMs using the SAQ: BMW Group, Daimler AG, Ford, Honda, Jaguar Land Rover, Scania CV AB, Toyota Motor Europe, Volkswagen Group, Volvo Group, Volvo Cars

Company ¹ :	Name:
	Location:
	Number of employees:
	Business area:
	Total yearly turnover:
Site ² :	Name:
	Location of site (country, city and/or address):
	Number of employees working on site (incl. agency workers):
	Headquarter: Yes
	Νο
	Supplier ID: (fill in those that apply)
	DUNS number:
	Other (please specify):
Filled in by:	Name :
	Position:
	Email:
	Tel:



A. COMPANY MANAGEMENT (GENERAL)	BACKGROUND INFORMATION
 1a. Does your company have a Social Sustainability responsible management person?* No Yes*, at company level Yes*, at site level If yes, please provide: Name : e-mail : 	Social sustainability relates to practices that contribute to the quality of life of both employees and communities that could be impacted by the company's operations. Companies should respect the human rights of workers, and treat all people with dignity as recognised by the international community. Examples of social topics to address include non-discrimination, freedom of association, health and safety, etc. (See Section B - Working Conditions and Human Rights)
 1b. Does your company have a Compliance responsible management person?* No Yes*, at company level Yes*, at site level If yes, please provide: 	business conduct in its relations towards its business partners and customers. Companies are expected to uphold the highest standards of integrity and to operate honestly and equitably throughout the supply chain in accordance with local laws. Examples of unethical business practice include corruption, unfair competition, conflicts of interest, etc. (See Section C - Business Ethics)
Name :	Environmental sustainability relates to practices that contribute to the quality of the environment on a longterm basis. Companies are expected to support a proactive approach to environmental responsibility by protecting the environment, conserving natural resources and reducing the environmental footprint of their production, products and services throughout their life-cycle. Examples of company practices include greenhouse gas emissions, waste reduction programmes, etc. (See Section D - Environment)
If yes, please provide: Name :	Companies are expected to appoint a senior management representative, who irrespective of other responsibilities, serves as a management person responsible for ensuring that the company meets its commitment related to social sustainability, business ethics and environmental sustainability. The contact details that you provide in response to this question will not be contacted without prior notice. In the first instance, enquiries will be directed to the person that completes this self-assessment questionnaire.



A. COMPANY MANAGEMENT (GENERAL)	BACKGROUND INFORMATION
 Does your company publish a CSR/Sustainability Report? No 	A CSR/ sustainability report is an organisational report that gives information about economic, environmental, social and ethical performance.
 Yes, according to GRI standards Please upload report Yes, according to other globally accepted standards Please provide the name of the globally accepted standard Please upload report 	 Examples of internationally recognised standards and frameworks for CSR/ sustainability report are: Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Standards; Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB); Climate Disclosure Standards Board (CDP- CDSB); United Nations Global Compact - Communication on Progress (UNGC-COP).
 2a. Is your most recent report assured by a third party? No Yes If yes, please provide the name of the third party and the assurance letter: 	In the European Union, <u>EU Directive on</u> <u>Non-Financial and Diversity Information</u> <u>Disclosure</u> lays down the rules on disclosure of non-financial and diversity information for companies with operations in EU Member States that meet all of the following criteria:
2b. Are the operations of all your company sites included in that report? No Yes	 Your company is a large undertaking (in the meaning of Art. 3 (7) of Directive 2013/34/ EU) with either a balance sheet total of EUR 20 million OR a net turnover EUR 40 million.
	2. AND your company is a public interest entity, defined by Art. 2 (a, b, c, d) of Directive 2013/34/EU,
	3. AND when your company's average number of employees exceeds 500 during a financial year.
 3. Does your company have a Code of Conduct in place? No Yes Please upload relevant document 	A Code of Conduct is a set of rules outlining the responsibilities or proper practice for an individual (employee) and organisation. It could cover social, ethical and environmental aspects.
3a. Is the Code of Conduct in place for this site?	
Yes	



A. COMPANY MANAGEMENT (GENERAL)	BACKGROUND INFORMATION
 4. Do you organise training sessions to enhance the understanding of CSR/ Sustainability? No Yes, at site level 	Training sessions to enhance the understanding of CSR/ Sustainability refer to companies training their employees on the expectations, policies and procedures relating to Corporate Social Responsibility within the company context.
Yes, at company level 4a. If answered yes, on which of the following topics do your organise training sessions?	Training is intended to raise awareness on CSR / Sustainability topics, so that specific functions can identify and act on issues they encounter in their day-to-day activities.
 Business Ethics Please upload evidence Environment Please upload evidence Working Conditions and Human Rights Please upload evidence 4b. If answered yes, what is the frequency of the training sessions? Please specify 	Training could be function-specific (e.g. training for buyers, managers, etc.), or topic- specific (e.g. on human rights, anti-corruption, Health&Safety, chemical management etc.) Examples of CSR / sustainability issues that companies could conduct training sessions on are included in the Global Automotive Sustainability <u>Guiding Principles</u>
OPTIONAL 5. Have employees from this site participated in external CSR/ Sustainability training? No Yes 5a. If answered "Yes", Who organised the training? An OEM Please specify: (Month/Year) The Automotive Industry Action Group (AIAG) Please specify: (Month/Year) Drive Sustainability Please specify: (Month/Year) Other (please specify)	
OPTIONAL 6. Does your company participate in any voluntary CSR/ sustainability initiatives? Yes (please specify) No	Voluntary CSR/ sustainability initiatives can be for example <u>United Nations Global Compact</u> <u>- UNGC, CDP - Carbon Disclosure Project</u> , or industry specific initiatives



B. WORKING CONDITIONS AND HUMAN RIGHTS	BACKGROUND INFORMATION
 7. For which of the following working conditions and human rights issues does your company have a policy in place? Child labour and Young Workers Wages and Benefits Working hours Forced or compulsory labour and human trafficking Freedom of association and collective bargaining Health and Safety 	A company policy refers to a business approach to a given issue and contains general principles and/or practical how-to-do items. A policy may include components such as prohibited behaviours, rights, and dispute procedures. Social issues could be contained in the company CSR policy, HR policy, Human Rights policy, etc. The list here presented refers to the Global Automotive Sustainability <u>Guiding Principles</u>
 Harassment Non-discrimination please upload relevant document 7a. Does your company use any of the following channels to communicate its Policy to employees? 	Human rights are the rights we are entitled to simply because we are human beings. They represent the universally agreed minimum conditions that enable all people to maintain their dignity. Human rights are inherent to all of us, whatever our nationality, place of residence, sex, national or ethnic origin, colour, religion, or any other status. Source: Universal Declaration of Human Rights
 Intranet / Meetings / Brochures, etc. Please upload relevant documents Training Please upload relevant documents Others (please specify): Please upload relevant documents 	 Child labour and Young Workers relate to the prohibition of employment of children who are under the legal minimum working age. Moreover, suppliers are expected to ensure that legally young workers that are under 18 years of age do not work at night or overtime and are protected against conditions of work which are harmful for their health, safety or development consistent with ILO Minimum Age Convention No. 138. ILO 138 light work consistent (article 6,7). The supplier should ensure that young workers duties don't interfere with their school attendance. Young workers daily total duty time and schooling shall not exceed 10 h. Source: EU Charter of Fundamental Rights & ILO Wages & benefits relate to the basic or minimum wage or salary and any additional entitlements payable directly or indirectly, in cash or in kind, by the employer to the worker and arising out of the worker's employment. Examples include paid sick days, family and medical leave, paid overtime, etc. Source: ILO-UNGC. Working hours relate to regular workweeks that should not exceed 48 hours. A workweek shall be restricted to 60 hours in emergency situations, including overtime. All overtime shall be voluntary. Employees should have minimum one day off every seven days. Laws and regulations on maximum number of working hours and time off shall be respected. Source: Ethical Trading Initiative, based on ILO conventions



B. WORKING CONDITIONS AND HUMAN RIGHTS	BACKGROUND INFORMATION
	Forced or compulsory labour refers to all work or service exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty and for which that person has not offered himself voluntarily. Examples include forced overtime, retention of identity documents, as well as human trafficking. Human trafficking - also called "modern- slavery" - is subject to the <u>Modern Slavery Act</u> <u>2015 by the Parliament of the United Kingdom</u> . This Act creates for companies who meet identified criteria an obligation to publish a "slavery and human trafficking statement" every year six months after the end of the company's financial year. Source: International Labour Organisation (ILO) & The National Archives UK
	Freedom of association relates to the right to freedom of peaceful assembly and to freedom of association at all levels, in particular in political, trade union and civic matters, which implies the right of everyone to form and to join trade unions for the protection of his or her interests. This includes also collective bargaining, as a process of negotiations between employers and a group of employees aimed at reaching an agreement that regulates working conditions. Source: EU Charter of Fundamental Rights
	Health & Safety refers to the science of the anticipation, recognition, evaluation and control of hazards arising in or from the workplace that could impair the health and well-being of workers, taking into account the possible impact on the surrounding communities and the general environment. Source: ILO
	Harassment is defined as a harsh and inhumane treatment - or the threat of such an treatment - including any sexual harassment, sexual abuse, corporal punishment, mental or physical coercion or verbal abuse of workers. Source: <u>Global Automotive Sustainability Practical Guidance</u>
	Non-discrimination is a principle that requires the equal treatment of an individual or group irrespective of their particular characteristics, including sex, race, colour, ethnic or social origin, genetic features, language, religion or belief, political or any other opinion, membership of a national minority, property, birth, disability, age or sexual orientation.

Source: EU Charter of Fundamental Rights



 manage the above mentioned working conditions and human rights issues? No Yes, we have documented procedures and policies Please upload relevant documents Yes we have a certified Social management system Please upload relevant documents 	place to A management system is a set of documented	B. WORKING CONDITIONS AND HUMAN RIGHTS
	cions andcontrols, processes and /or procedures reviewed by management. It could be internal or developed according to a standard (Certified Management System).nd policiesA documented procedure is a written description of prescribed course of action or process to manage and control organisations	 manage the above mentioned working conditions and human rights issues? No Yes, we have documented procedures and policies Please upload relevant documents Yes we have a certified Social management system
 8a. If you answered "Yes we have a certified Social management system", please indicate how you achieved certification: Internal audits Please upload relevant documents Social assessments Please upload relevant documents External 3rd party audits (please provide the following): Awarding body Certificate number Valid until Please upload relevant documents Social audits can be conducted internally or by an external 3rd party body that issues a certificate. Social ausessment is defined as a process of assessing or estimating a company's impact its own activities and operations particularly social, economic and environmental context An example of a social assessment. Other examples of relevant social assessment. Other examples of relevant social assessment. Social Accountability (TfS) Responsible Business Alliance Sedex Members Ethical Trade Audit (SMET) Business Social Compliance Initiative (BSC) 	Social Examples of relevant social standards include: > ISO26000 Guidance Social Responsibility > SA8000 Social Management System Social audit is a type of a social assessment. It enables an organisation to assess and demonstrate its compliance to legislation and social, economic, and environmental benefits and limitations. It is a way of measuring the extent to which a company lives up to the shared values and objectives it has committed itself to. Social audits can be conducted internally or by an external 3rd party body that issues a certificate. Social assessment is defined as a process of assessing or estimating a company's impact of its own activities and operations particularly in social, economic and environmental context. An example of a social assessment can be the Human Rights Compliance Assessment. Other examples of relevant social assessments include: > Social Accountability 8000 (SA800) > Together for Sustainability (TfS) > Responsible Business Alliance > Sedex Members Ethical Trade Audit (SMETA) > Business Social Compliance Initiative (BSCI) Suppliers with valid certificate not available to be uploaded due to administrative process delays, can specify this in section G. ""Additional Information"", complemented with	 8a. If you answered "Yes we have a certified Social management system", please indicate how you achieved certification: Internal audits Please upload relevant documents Social assessments Please upload relevant documents External 3rd party audits (please provide the following): Awarding body Certificate number Valid until



 9. Does your company have a written health & safety policy in place, which complies with local law, industry requirements and international standards? No Yes Please upload relevant document 	 Examples of specific activities on Health & Safety include: Training and use of Personal Protection Equipment, workplace design and ergonomics Training on company Health & Safety policy Work environment inspections Training on work with hazardous materials Distribution of educational materials on health & safety procedures, including workplace adaption and rehabilitation, accidents and near accidents Information campaign for workers on health & safety procedures specific to the site. including on machine and lifting safety, facilities, emergency preparedness
 10. Does this site have a health and safety management system in place? No Yes, we have documented procedures but the management system is uncertified Please upload relevant document Yes we have a globally accepted certified health and safety management system Please upload relevant document 10a. If you answered "Yes we have a globally accepted certified health & safety management system", please indicate how you achieved certification: External 3rd party audits (please provide the following): Awarding body Certificate number Valid until Please upload relevant document 	 Health and safety management system relates to organised efforts and procedures for identifying workplace hazards and reducing accidents and exposure to harmful situations and substances. It also includes the training of personnel in accident prevention, accident response, emergency procedures, and use of protective clothing and equipment. Examples of relevant standards and certification include: Occupational Health and Safety Assessment OHSAS18001 (BS OHSAS 18001) ISO 45001 Occupational health and safety Guidelines on occupational safety and health management systems (ILO-OSH 2001) Suppliers with valid certificate not available to be uploaded due to administrative process delays, can specify this in section G. ""Additional Information"", complemented with a statement from the awarding body.



C. BUSINESS ETHICS	BACKGROUND INFORMATION
 11. Does you company have a formal policy in place regarding business ethics? No Yes Please upload relevant document 11a. If answered yes to Q11, Are the following areas covered by this policy or the related processes and procedures? 	Business Conduct and Compliance Policy and principles apply to employees, independent contractors, consultants, and others with whom business has been done. Formal policy on business conduct and compliance helps drive business ethically, honestly, and in full compliance with all laws and regulations. Those principles should apply to every business decision in every area of the company (worldwide). The list here presented refers to the Global
Corruption, extortion and bribery Privacy Financial responsibility (Accurate Records) Disclosure of Information Fair competition and anti-trust Conflicts of interest Counterfeit parts	Automotive Sustainability <u>Guiding Principles</u> . Corruption can take many forms that vary in degree from the minor use of influence to institutionalised bribery. It is defined as the abuse of entrusted power for private gain. This can mean not only financial gain but also non- financial advantages. Source: UN Global Compact and Transparency International Extortion: The solicitation of bribes is the
 Intellectual property Export controls and economic sanctions Protection of Identity and Non-Retaliation 11b. If answered yes to Q11, Does your company use 	act of asking or enticing another to commit bribery. It becomes extortion when this demand is accompanied by threats that endanger the personal integrity or the life of the private actors involved. Source: UN Global Compact and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
any of the following channels to communicate its Policy to employees? Intranet / Meetings / Brochures, etc. Please upload relevant documents Training	Bribery is an offer or receipt of any gift, loan, fee, reward or other advantage to or from any person as an inducement to do something which is dishonest, illegal or a breach of trust, in the conduct of the enterprise's business. Source: UN Global Compact and Transparency International
 Please upload relevant documents Others (please specify): Please upload relevant documents 	The right to privacy is defined as ""No one shall be subjected to arbitrary interference with his privacy, family, home or correspondence, nor to attacks upon his honour and reputation. Everyone has the right to the protection of the law against such interference or attacks."" Source: Universal Declaration of Human Rights



C. BUSINESS ETHICS	BACKGROUND INFORMATION
	In the European Union, the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) was approved and adopted by the EU Parliament in April 2016 and it will be in force May 2018. The aim is to protect all EU citizens from privacy and data breaches in an increasingly data-driven world The GDPR applies to organisations located within the EU as well as to organisations located outside of the EU if they offer goods or services to, or monitor the behaviour of, EU data subjects. It applies to all companies processing and holding the personal data of data subjects residing in the European Union, regardless of the company's location. Source: EU GDPR Portal
	Financial responsibility refers to company's responsibility to accurately record, maintain, and report business documentation including, but not limited to, financial accounts, quality reports, time records, expense reports, and submissions to customers or regulatory authorities, when appropriate. Books and records are expected to be maintained in accordance with applicable law and generally accepted accounting principles.
	Disclosure of Information refers to company's responsibility to disclose financial and non-financial information in accordance with applicable regulations and prevailing industry practices and, when applicable, disclose information regarding their labour force, health and safety practices, environmental practices, business activities, financial situation and performance. Source: Global Automotive Sustainability Practical Guidance
	Fair Competition and anti-trust refer to the upholding by companies of standards of fair business and competition including, but not limited to, avoiding business practices that unlawfully restrain competition; improper exchange of competitive information; and price fixing, bid rigging, or improper market allocation. It is the prime responsibility of large, medium and small companies alike to comply with competition rules. Companies need to be aware of the risks of infringing competition rules and how to develop a compliance policy/strategy that best suits their needs. An effective compliance policy/strategy enables
	a company to minimize the risk of involvement in competition law infringements, and the costs resulting from anti-competitive behaviour.



C. BUSINESS ETHICS

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Conflict of interest occurs when an individual or a corporation (either private or governmental) is in a position to exploit his or their own professional or official capacity in some way for personal or corporate benefit. Source: OECD

Counterfeit parts: companies are expected to develop, implement, and maintain methods and processes appropriate to their products and services to minimize the risk of introducing counterfeit parts and materials into deliverable products. Companies are also expected to establish effective processes to detect counterfeit parts and materials and, if detected, quarantine the materials and notify the Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) customer and/or law enforcement as appropriate. Finally, companies are expected to confirm that any sales to non-OEM customers are compliant with local laws and those products sold will be used in a lawful manner.

Source: Global Automotive Sustainability Practical Guidance

Intellectual property refers to creations of the mind, such as inventions; literary and artistic works; designs; and symbols, names and images used in commerce. It is protected in law by, for example, patents, copyright and trademarks, which enable people to earn recognition or financial benefit from what they invent or create.

Source: World Intellectual Property Organisation

Export controls and economic sanctions

refer to restrictions on the export or re-export of goods, software, services and technology, as well as with applicable restrictions on trade involving certain countries, regions, companies or entities and individuals.

Source: Global Automotive Sustainability Practical Guidance

Retaliation is defined as a direct or indirect adverse administrative decision and/or action that is threatened, recommended or taken against an individual who has reported suspected wrongdoing that implies a significant risk or cooperated with a duly authorised audit or an investigation of a report of wrongdoing. Companies are expected to establish processes that allow concerns to be raised anonymously with confidentiality and without retaliation.

Source: WHO and Global Automotive Sustainability Practical Guidance



C. BUSINESS ETHICS	BACKGROUND INFORMATION
 12. Does this site have a business ethics section included in its existing management system? No Yes Please upload relevant document 	 Examples of management systems with a business ethics section include: International Automotive Task Force ITATF 16949:2016 defining the requirements of a quality management system for organisations in the automotive industry OECD Checklist for Implementing the Integrity Principles and Anti-Corruption Ethics and Compliance Handbook for Business USA Foreign Corrupt Practices Act UK Bribery Act Code of Conduct does not qualify as acceptable in this regard.



D. ENVIRONMENT	BACKGROUND INFORMATION
 13. Does your company have a formal environmental policy, which includes a commitment to legal compliance, continuous measurement and continuous improvements in environmental performance? No Yes please upload relevant document 13a. Are the following areas covered by this policy or the related processes and working procedures? Energy consumption and greenhouse emissions Water quality and consumption Air quality Natural Resources Management and Waste Reduction Responsible Chemical Management Other areas (please specify) 	An environmental policy shows the company's overall intentions and direction related to its environmental performance. It reflects the company's commitment and is formally expressed by top management. It provides a framework for action, setting environmental objectives which take into account applicable legal and other requirements and the company's environmental impact of its operations, products and services, with the purpose of decreasing the environmental impact, saving resources and costs. The list of topics presented refers to the Global Automotive Sustainability <u>Guiding Principles</u> and explained in the related Guidance Document.
 13b. Does your company have annual objectives and activities accordingly in the areas covered by your environmental policy? No Yes (please, upload relevant document explaining the objectives and the activities to achieve them)" 13c. If answered yes to Q13, Does your company use any of the following channels to communicate its Policy to employees? Intranet / Meetings / Brochures, etc. Please upload relevant documents Training Please upload relevant documents Others (please specify): Please upload relevant documents 	





D. ENVIRONMENT		BACKGROUND INFORMATION
 15. Does this site have a certified Energy management system? No No but energy-efficiency audits have been performed at the site Please upload relevant document Yes, according to ISO 50001 Please upload relevant document 		An energy management system is a systematic process for continually improving energy performance and maximising energy savings. Examples of relevant standards and certification include: > ISO 50001 - Energy Management Suppliers with valid certificate not available to be uploaded due to administrative process delays, can specify this in section G. "Additional Information", complemented with a statement from the awarding body.
	This question is not relev	ant for service providers
This question is not relev 16. Does this site have procedures to identify and manage substances with restrictions? No Yes Please upload relevant document		 Restrictions are a tool to protect human health and the environment from unacceptable risks posed by chemicals. Restrictions may limit or ban the manufacture, placing on the market or use of a substance. A restriction applies to any substance on its own, in a mixture or in an article, including those that do not require registration. It can also apply to imports. Examples of hazardous substances include - but not limited to: lead, AZO dyes, DMF, PAHs, Phthalates, PFOS, nickel release. Source: European Chemicals Agency Examples of regulations on restricted substances and chemical handling: (1) REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and Restriction of Chemicals): REACH is a European Union Regulation addressing the production and use of chemical substances, and their potential impact on both human health and the environment. The regulation defines and includes substances and to register the information in a central database run by the European Chemicals Agency. (2) RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances): RoHS or the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive (2011/65/EU) bans the placing on the EU market of new electrical and electronic equipment containing more than the agreed levels of lead, cadmium, mercury and other substances.



D. ENVIRONMENT		BACKGROUND INFORMATION
	This question is not relevant for service providers	
 17. Do you upload your material data to the International Material Data System (IMDS database)? No Yes Please upload relevant document 		
 18. Does your company have a CDP Score for the past 12 months? No Yes 		CDP uses the scoring methodology to incentivise companies to measure and manage environmental impacts through participation in CDP's climate change, water, forests and supply chain programmes. Each of CDP's questionnaires (Climate change, Water and Forests) has an individual scoring methodology.
18a. If answered yes, specify the score:		
Climate Change		
Water		
Forests - Cattle		
Forests - Timber		
Forests - Soy		
Forests - Palm benea	ath Forests	



E. SUPPLIER MANAGEMENT	BACKGROUND INFORMATION
 19. Does your company have set CSR/Sustainability Requirements towards suppliers? No Yes please upload relevant document 	Examples of Supplier CSR/Sustainability Policy could be a specific Supplier Code of Conduct or a Company Conduct document which applies to both internal employees and external business partners, such as suppliers, as well as sub-contractors
19a. Which areas are covered by this set of Requirements? Child labour and Young Workers Wages and Benefits	The objective should be to promote healthy working conditions and environmental responsibility throughout the entire supply chain.
 Working hours Forced or compulsory labour and human trafficking Freedom of association, incl. collective bargaining 	Direct procurement (Production, Aftermarket suppliers) refers to third-party services and goods that are part of or used in the manufacturing of the organisation's products and/or services.
 Health and Safety Harassment Non-discrimination Corruption, extortion and bribery 	Indirect procurement (Non Production, Merchandising, Branded Goods suppliers) refers to categories of goods and services that are supporting the organisation's business processes.
 Privacy Financial responsibility (Accurate Records) Disclosure of Information Fair competition and anti-trust 	
Conflicts of interest Counterfeit parts Intellectual property	
 Export controls and economic sanctions Protection of Identity and Non-Retaliation Energy consumption and greenhouse emissions Water quality and consumption 	
Air quality Air quality Natural Resources Management and Waste Reduction	
Responsible Chemical ManagementOther areas (please specify)	



E. SUPPLIER MANAGEMENT	BACKGROUND INFORMATION
 19b. Which supplier category is covered by your CSR/ Sustainability Requirements? Please, tick all that apply Direct procurement suppliers Indirect procurement suppliers 	
 19c. Does your company use any of the following channels to communicate its Supplier CSR/Sustainability Requirements to your suppliers? Included in Terms & Conditions please upload evidence Supplier Meetings / Brochures, etc. / Social Media please upload evidence Supplier Training please upload evidence Others (please specify): please upload evidence None 	
 20. Which processes do you have in place to ensure that your Supplier CSR/Sustainability requirements are effectively implemented by your suppliers? Self-assessment questionnaire Audits conducted by the company 3rd party audits conducted by a certificated audit body Supplier meetings Other (please specify) None 	
please upload relevant document	



F. RESPONSIBLE SOURCING OF RAW MATERIALS		BACKGROUND INFORMATION
 21. Does your company have a policy on responsible sourcing on raw materials? No Yes please upload evidence 		 Responsible Sourcing of Materials: Companies are expected to conduct due diligence to understand the source of the raw materials used in their products. Companies are expected to: conduct due diligence to understand the source of the raw materials used in their products. conduct due diligence to understand the source of the raw materials used in their products. not knowingly provide products containing raw materials that contribute to human rights abuses, bribery and ethics violations, or negatively impact the environment. use validated conflict free smelters and refiners for procurement of tin, tungsten, tantalum and gold contained in the products they produce
	This question is not releva	nt for service providers
22. Do your products contain tantalum, tin, tungsten or gold? No Yes Please complete and upload CMRT template, using the latest version from the Conflict Free Sourcing Initiative (CFSI) website		 Example of legislation relating to "conflict minerals": Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, US federal law The Dodd-Frank Act requires companies listed in the US stock exchange or American companies of a certain size to disclose their use of so - called conflict minerals (tantalum, tin, tungsten or gold sourced from the Democratic Republic of Congo and its neighbouring states) Companies that are at risk of using conflict minerals are required to undertake due diligence on the sourcing and file a conflict minerals report. EU-Directive on Conflict Minerals The Directive requires large public-interest entities with more than 500 employees to disclose in their annual report relevant information on: policies, outcomes and risks, including due diligence that they implement; relevant non-financial key performance indicators; environmental aspects, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and bribery issues. Examples of conflict Minerals Reporting template: (1) EICC-GeSI Conflict Minerals Reporting Template: This template was created by the Electronic Industry Citizenship Coalition (EICC) and the Global e-Sustainability Initiative (GeSI). It is used by some companies as a means for the collection of sourcing information related to "Conflict Minerals" (hyperlink) (2) CFSI - Conflict Free Sourcing Initiative Reporting template: this template was developed by the CFSI to facilitate the transfer of information through the supply chain regarding mineral country of origin and smelters and refiners



G. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

23. Please use the space below to provide additional information (e.g. comments regarding policy, timing for certification, etc.).

Drive Sustainability - The Automotive Partnership

BMW Group, Daimler AG, Ford, Honda, Jaguar Land Rover, Scania CV AB, Toyota Motor Europe, Volkswagen Group, Volvo Cars and Volvo Group joined forces to launch 'DRIVE Sustainability - The Automotive Partnership'.

The Partnership, facilitated by CSR Europe, aims to drive sustainability throughout the automotive supply chain by promoting a common approach within the industry and by integrating sustainability in the overall procurement process. It is of great importance to these 10 responsible automotive manufacturers that the people making vehicles, components, or providing services are afforded decent working conditions and are treated with dignity and respect, while minimising the environmental impact of their industry and promoting business integrity.

The Partnership builds upon and takes on the previous work carried out by The European Automotive Working Group on Supply Chain Sustainability', with the ambition to evolve from a group of companies working together to a leadership industry initiative, pushing for innovative and impactful approaches to enhance supply chain sustainability.

Drive Sustainability operates under strict anti-trust policies.

About CSR Europe

CSR Europe is the leading European business network for Corporate Social Responsibility. Representing 45 corporate members and 41 National CSR organisations, it is a platform for supporting over 10,000 companies from different industrial sectors to positively contribute to society

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