Bugatti Engineering GmbH terms and Conditions forthe Purchase of Production Material Edition 01.11.2021. This text is a translation from the authoritative Terms and Conditions in the German language and for reference purposes only.

I. Determining Conditions

The legal relationship between supplier and purchaser shall be determined by the following conditions and any additional terms agreed between the contracting parties, if any. Changes and amendments to these conditions have to be made in writing. Any other general business terms shall not be applicable, even it they were not rejected explicitly in any individual case.

II. Basic agreement and material releases

1. Basic agreement and order and as well as any changes and amendments thereof have to be made in writing.

2. In case the supplier does not accept the order within three weeks of its receipt, the purchaser shall have the right to revoke such order. Any material release shall become binding if the supplier does not reject such material release within two weeks of its receipt.

3. To the extent it is reasonably acceptable to the supplier, the purchaser may demand changes to be made to the goods relating to both design and process. In this case the consequences, especially with respect to additional costs or reduction of costs, as well as with respect to delivery dates, are to be resolved in an appropriate and mutually agreeable manner.

III. Payment

1. Payment is made after the technical approval of the delivered components by responsible Bugatti Engineering GmbH department, Payment is to be made on the 25th day following the month in which the deliveryis made, provided, however, the purchaser has received complete billing documents not later than the last day of such month (please note instructions regarding packing slips and in- voice forms). In case of premature shipments, payment will be made according to the agreed delivery date.

2. Payment shall be made by bank transfer or by check. By payment advice the supplier will be informed of the status of his account. Any discrepancies shall be reported to the purchaser immediately.

3. In case of defective deliveries, the purchaser shall be entitled to withhold an appropriate amount until the defective goods have been replaced.

4. Without previous written consent of the purchaser, which shall not be unreasonably refused, the supplier shall not be entitled to assign his receivables to third parties or to have such receivables collected by third parties. In the event of an extended reservation of title, agreement to resale is assumed to have been given.

Even if the supplier assigns his receivable against the purchaser contrary to the first sentence of paragraph 4 to a third party without the consent of the purchaser, the assignment remains valid. Regardless of the assignment the purchaser may choose whether payment is made to the supplier or the third party.

IV. Notification of Deficiencies

The purchaser shall notify the supplier in writing about any deficiencies of a shipment as soon as such deficiencies have been discovered in the course of an orderly business practice, and, in case the purchaser complies with the afore-stated condition the supplier hereby waives his right to reject delayed notification of deficiency.

V. Secrecy

1. The contracting parties commit themselves to deem as business secrets all commercial and technical details which come to their knowledge during the course of their business relationship unless such details are public.

2. Drawings, models, patterns, samples and similar objects shall not be made available or otherwise be made accessible to unauthorized third parties. Reproduction of such objects is permitted only according to business requirements or in compliance with the laws on copyright.

3. Sub suppliers shall commit themselves accordingly.

4. Each contracting party may use the established business relationship for advertising purposes only after having obtained previous written consent from the other party.

VI. Delivery dates and time limits / conditions for shipment

Agreed delivery dates and time limits are binding. Compliance with such dates or time limits shall be determined by the day of arrival of the goods to be supplied at the purchaser. The supplier shall make the goods available in time taking into consideration the time usually necessary for loading and shipment. All deliveries shall be made as designated by the purchaser. INCOTERMS shall be applicable to all commercial terms.

VII. Delay

1. The supplier shall be committed to compensate the purchaser for all damages caused by delay. There shall be no right of recovery for loss of profit and damages resulting from interruption of business.

2. In case of slight negligence damages shall be limited to additional freight costs and retrofit costs or to the additional costs resulting from purchases from alternative sources in the event the supplier fails to meet an extended term or if the purchaser's interest in the delivery has become frustrated.

VIII. General terms of delivery

In case that delivery costs are not covered by the part price, all transportation activities should be agreed with the Logistic Department of the Bugatti Engineering GmbH. The Bugatti Engineering GmbH will then define the transportation service provider!

Your contact person in Wolfsburg is your person for development.

IX. Force majeure

In case of Act of God, strike, civil commotion, government directives and other nonforeseeable, inescapable and serious events the contracting parties shall be temporarily relieved from their obligations during the period of time such events continue and to the extent their liabilities are affected. The aforestated shall also be applicable in case the contracting party concerned is already in default. The contracting parties are committed to give each other the necessary information(which may reasonably be expected without delay) and to adjust their obligations in good faith to the changed circumstances.

X. Quality and Documentation

1. Concerning his deliveries the supplier shall comply with the acknowledged standards of engineering, the safety regulationsand the agreed technical data. Changes to the goods to be delivered are subject to the previous written consent of the purchaser. Concerning the first sample inspection, reference is made to the VDA-publication "Sicherung der Qualität von Lieferungen -Lieferantenauswahl / Produktionsprozess. und Produktfreigabe / Qualitätsleistung in der Serie", Frankfurt am Main 1998. Mass deliveries may be commenced only after the purchaser has accepted the samples. Notwithstanding the afore-stated the supplier shall permanently control the quality of the goods delivered. The contracting parties shall inform each other of the possibilities of improving the quality of the goods to be delivered.

2. In the event the kind and extent of testing, as well as the instruments and testing methods, are not agreed between the supplier and the purchaser, the purchaser shall, if the supplier so desires, agree to discuss the testing with the supplier pursuant to his Know-how, experiences and possibilities in order to find out the requisite state of testing techniques in the case being considered. In addition, the purchaser shall, upon request, inform the supplier about the applicable safety regulations.

3. Concerning the parts especially marked in the technical documentation or designated by separate agreement, for instance with "D", the supplier is, moreover, required to keep special records as to when, in what manner and by whom the supplied goods have been tested with regard to the characteristics required to be recorded and which results were achieved by the quality tests so required. The test records have to be kept for ten years and have to be presented to the purchaser in case of need. The supplier is required to obligate any sub suppliers to the same extent if legally possible. As a manual, reference is made to the VDA publication "Nachweisführung. Leitfaden zur Dokumentation und Archivierung von Qualitätsforderungen", Frankfurt am Main 1998.

4. In the event any authorities responsible for vehicle safety, emissions standards and the like, demand inspection of the manufacturing process and disclosure of the test records of the purchaser, to scrutinize certain requirements, the supplier shall, upon request of the purchaser, concede to such authorities the rights which they have with regard to the

purchaser and provide them with the support which may reasonably be expected.

XI. Warranty

1. If defective goods are delivered the purchaser is entitled, according to the relevant legal requirements and the following clauses of article X para.1 unless otherwise agreed upon, to claim the following:

Before start of production (processing a) or fitting) the supplier shall first be given the opportunity by the purchaser to sort out as well as rework or replace them unless this cannot reasonably be expected from the purchaser. In case the suppliers unable to accomplish the afore-stated or in case he does not conform with it immediately, the purchaser is entitled to rescind the contract to this extent and return the goods at the supplier's risk. In urgent cases he may, after consultation with the supplier, accomplish the rework himself or have it done by a third party. Any costs resulting there from shall be borne by the supplier.

In the case the same goods are repeatedly supplied in a defective condition, the purchaser shall be entitled to rescind the contract also with respect to the goods not yet supplied if, upon written notification, the supplier has again delivered defective goods.

b) In the event the defect is discovered only after start of production and the purchaser has observed article IV(notification of deficiencies), then he is entitled
according to § 439 para. 1, 3 and 4 BGB to claim additional fulfill ment and indemnification for cost of transport (with out to wing cost) as well as cost of dismantling and installation (cost of labour; cost of material only if agreed upon), which are required for the additional fulfillment, or
to reduce the sales price.

c) If in addition to the delivery of defective parts the supplier has violated further contractual obligations (e.g.obligations of information, consultation, or examination), the purchaser can claim indemnification for the resulting damages according to article XII. These resulting damages are determined by the damages which the purchaser suffered from the delivery of defective goods regarding other goods than the parts delivered. Further claims regarding expenses and damages because of delivery of defective goods on the basis of § 437 BGB or directly on the basis of the rules named therein may only be claimed by the purchaser, if this has been agreed by contract. Regarding new agreements article XV para.1 is to be observed.

2. At his request the parts to be replaced shall be made available immediately to the supplier at his cost.

3. The warranty expires at the end of 24 months after the first licensing of the vehicle or the installation of the replacement part, at the latest, however, 30 months after delivery to the purchaser. The legal rules of expiry of warranty apply to parts for commercial vehicles unless the parties have agreed otherwise.

4. A warranty claim does not arise if the defect is attributable to the non-observance of operation, service or installation instructions, inappropriate or unsuitable use, incorrect or careless treatment, normal wear and tear as well as to changes to the good supplied made by purchaser or a third party.

5. If defective goods are delivered claims of the purchaser on the basis of the Product Liability Act, and the civil law of delict and actions without mandate shall remain valid under article XI. Guarantees regarding quality and durability have to be designated expressly and individually in writing.

XII. Liability

Insofar as these conditions do not provide for other liability clauses, the supplier shall be liable for damage directly or indirectly caused to the purchaser as a result of defective supply, violation of official safety regulations or for any other legal reason, attributable to the supplier only, according to the following.

1. A liability for compensation does, in general, only exist in case the supplier was at fault when causing the damage.

2. In case the purchaser is liable under foreign law, without any fault on his part, which cannot be excluded with regard to third party claimants, then the supplier shall hold the purchaser free and harmless of any claim to the extent he would himself be liable directly. Compensation between purchaser and supplier shall be settled by applying (the principles of) § 254BGB correspondingly. This shall also apply in case the supplier is liable directly.

3. Any liability shall be excluded to the extent the purchaser has on his part effectively excluded any liability in relation to his customer. In doing so the purchaser shall attempt to stipulate limitations of liability on behalf of the supplier to the extent legally possible.

4. Any claims of the purchaser shall be excluded inasmuch as the damage is caused by the non-observance, attributable to the purchaser, of operating, maintenance and installation instructions, to unsuitable or inappropriate use, to in corrector negligent treatment, natural wear and tear or incorrect repair.

5. As far as he is legally bound the supplier shall be liable for compensation with regard to actions which the purchase runder-takes to avoid any damage (for instance recall actions).

6. If the purchaser intends to assert a claim against the supplier according to the afore-stated provisions, he shall forth with consult the supplier and shall comprehensively inform him. He shall give the supplier the opportunity to investigate the damage occurred. The contracting parties shall consult each other on the steps to be taken, especially in the case of negotiations for a settlement.

7. The rules stated in article VII paragraph 1 shall be applicable accordingly if the supplier has no or no sufficient insurance coverage.

XIII. Protective Rights

1. The Supplier shall be liable for any claim which, by the use of goods according to the terms of the contract, result from the infringement of protective rights, either granted or applied for (protective rights), at least one of such protective rights being published either in the supplier's mother country, by the European Patent Office or in either the Federal Republic of Germany, France, Great Britain, Austria or the United States of America.

2. The supplier shall hold the purchaser and his purchasers customers free and harmless of all liabilities resulting from making use of such protective rights.

3. The afore-stated shall not apply inasmuch as the supplier has manufactured the goods to be delivered according to drawings, models or similar descriptions or statements provided by the purchaser and if, at the same time, the supplier does not know or, in connection with the products developed by him, was unable to know that protective rights were infringed.

4. To the extent the supplier is not liable pursuant to paragraph 3 above, the purchaser shall hold him free and harmless of all claims brought by third parties.

5. The contracting parties commit themselves to inform each other forthwith on all risks of violation or alleged violation sand to give each other the opportunity to jointly oppose such claims.

6. At the request of the purchaser the supplier shall inform the purchaser about the use of any published or unpublished protective rights relating to the goods to be delivered regardless whether they are owned by him or

licensed to him including also any rights pending.

7. The rules pursuant to article VII paragraph 1 concerning limitation of liability shall be applicable accordingly.

XIV. Use of production aids and confidential information made available by the purchaser

Models, original drawings, patterns, samples, tools and other manufacturing aids as well as confidential information provided to the supplier by the purchaser or paid for by him in full, may be used for supplies to third parties only after having obtained the previous written consent of the purchaser.

XV. Reservation of Title

The supplier retains ownership of all material supplied by him until it has been paid for in full; in this regard all shipments shall be considered as part of one continuous supply transaction. In case of continuous invoicing the retained ownership shall be deemed to secure the balance of the supplier's accounts receivable.

If the purchaser combines the goods delivered with other goods to form a unit, this unit being considered primary, then the purchaser shall be committed to assign partial ownership to the supplier to the extent the primary unit belongs to him. In case the purchaser resells the goods delivered according to the terms of the contract, he herewith assigns to the supplier all claims against his customers including any ancillary rights until all of the supplier's demands are completely settled. If there is a valid reason the purchaser, at the request of the supplier, shall inform the thirdparty-purchaser about the assignment and he shall provide the supplier with all information and documents necessary to assert his rights. The supplier shall release the securities held by him to the extent their value exceeds 20 % of the claim to be secured.

XVI. General Provisions

1. The amount of damages to be paid by the supplier according to articles VII, XI, XII, and XIII shall be determined by having, in favour of the supplier, due regard to the economic situation of the supplier, nature, size, and duration of the business relationship, possible causative or responsible contributions by the purchaser according to § 254 BGB, and a particularly disadvantageous situation of installation of the suppliers part. Especially damages, cost and expenditures which shall be paid by the supplier have to be in an appropriate relationship to the value of the part being delivered.

2. In the event one of the contracting parties ceases payment, or insolvency or non-judicial settlement proceedings are applied for, then the other party shall be entitled to rescind the contract with respect to the part not yet performed.

3. Should one of the provisions of these conditions or of any additional stipulations agreed upon be or become invalid then the validity of the remaining part of these conditions shall not be affected thereby. The contracting parties are committed to replace the invalid provision by another equivalent term, in so far as this is possible, with respect to the commercial effect.

4. If the parties have not agreed otherwise the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany shall be applied exclusively. The application of the uniform laws of sale contained in the Hague Convention on International Sale of Goods, dated 11th of April1980, is hereby excluded.

5. Place of performance shall be the legal domicile of the purchaser. Concerning the shipments the parties may agree otherwise.

6. The court at the place where the plaintiff is domiciled, or any other competent court, shall have jurisdiction over the seconditions.

Instructions regarding packing slips and invoice forms

Settlement of accounts between supplier and purchaser shall take place through credit procedures, insofar as that this has been agreed upon. Information hereto is available from the purchaser. If settlement through credit procedures has not been agreed upon, one invoice for each packing slip shall be issued.

The mandatory invoice forms shall be filled out completely and in particular the supplier number and the number of the packing slip shall be provided. The invoices shall be separate from the goods and submitted only to Wolfsburg, in cases of Section II Number 3, only to Ingolstadt. Empties not noted on packing slips (identification key) become property of the purchaser with out charge.